RE Framework – Year Four		
Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
RE Session – Week One –introducing the prayer	The Feast of St Paul's occurs on 25 th January.	
space in your classroom and creating the first	During this week we celebrate the life of St Paul	What does it mean to be Sikh?
display e.g. prayers, hopes and wishes for the	and his impact on the Christian faith.	(6 Sessions)
future etc.		 To know and be able to name the Panj
How Did Belief In God Affect The Action of	What is Buddhism?	Kakke (5 Ks) and explain what they mean to Sikhs.
People From The Old Testament?	(6 sessions)	 To know the key teachings of Sikhism and
(6 sessions)	To describe what a Buddhist might learn	evaluate the importance of Sikh teachings and link
 Explore how Abra(ha)m's decision to 	from the religious story of Siddhartha and ask	these to other beliefs.
follow God impacted on him and his family.	questions about the meaning and purpose of life	To know Sikhs have a special place of
Reflect on how Abraham demonstrated	and describe what a Buddhist might learn from a	worship called a Gurdwara and what happens
faith in God and how people today might do that.	Buddhist religious story.	there and link the practices that take place in a
 Understand how Moses felt about 	Ask questions about the moral decisions	Gurdwara with Sikh beliefs and their own.
following God's 'calling' and the consequences of	they and others make and suggest what might	To know how Sikhs keep and protect the
this.	happen as a result of different decisions and make	Guru Granth Sahib and suggest teachings and
 Explore how a believer's 'calling' or 	links between the beliefs and teachings of	beliefs that sustain, inspire and influence Sikhs
'vocation' makes a difference to how they do their	different religious groups	and think about those which sustain, inspire and
job.	To understand how listening to a religious	influence them.
 Use the evidence from the Bible to show 	story about kindness might teach a believer to be	To understand some of the things that are
they understand how Ruth showed her	and make links between the teachings of	important to Sikhs and how these make a
selflessness and devotion to God and Naomi.	Buddhism and Christianity and show how they	difference to their lives.
 Make links between David's faith in God 	guide how Buddhists and Christians should try to	
and his ability to overcome the doubts of others.	live their lives.	Liturgy
Show that they understand how the story	• Explain how Buddhist teaching is similar to	(6 sessions)
of Solomon can have an impact on Christians	that of other religious groups and how it	Begin to identify some of the key elements
today.	influences how people of faith try to live their life.	of liturgical worship within the Anglican traditions
Describe the similarities and differences	Suggest reasons for Buddhist beliefs about	employing words used by believers and suggest

enlightenment and how religious sources shape

Do fame and Christian faith go together?

these beliefs.

between the way Jonah and Daniel reacted to

Reflect on their own responses to

following instructions from others.

God's call.

what they mean.

Ask questions about the key elements of

liturgical worship within the Anglican traditions

Should every Christian go on a pilgrimage? (2 sessions)

- To describe and compare the practices and experiences of a pilgrimage for Christians and for those of other faiths.
- To think about how going on a pilgrimage helps those on a journey of faith.
- To understand that when going on pilgrimage, the journey is just as important as the destination.
- To share their understanding of the physical journey and the spiritual journey.

What do Christians mean by peace at Christmas? (4 sessions)

- To investigate the question 'What exactly is peace?' and to consider what might be the same and different for religious people.
- Describe what a Christian might learn about peace from the Bible.
- Describe what Jesus teaches about peace and express their ideas about peace with reference to the Bible.
- Describe how Anglican priests use liturgy to remind Christians of God's peace.
- Make links between the symbol of peace (dove) and the Bible, describing why it is used by Christians as a symbol of peace.

(2 sessions)

- To know the qualities and values needed to be a Christian and to ask if and how Christian faith supports famous people in who they are.
- To distinguish between qualities that make a famous person just famous and qualities needed to be a Christian, using the right religious words.

What is Holy Communion and how does it build a Christian community?

(4 sessions)

- To identify and talk about some of the beliefs and practices in relation to Holy Communion that are the same for different Christian people.
- To explore how Holy Communion links to the Last Supper and Jesus' commandment: 'Do this in remembrance of me'.
- To use specific religious language accurately to describe and compare what practices and experiences may be involved in Holy Communion in the Anglican traditions and in other forms of Christianity
- Ask questions about the moral decisions they and other people make as individuals and communities, and suggest what might happen as a result of different decisions.
- Suggest how sharing Communion might help Christians in their daily lives.

and suggest a range of answers which might be given by Anglican communities or individuals.

- Understand the restorative role of a Eucharistic liturgy and how attending and/or participating in such a service may transform people in positive ways.
- Be able to interact and engage with people from a variety of different faith backgrounds by developing and asking relevant questions about what it means to be religious.
- Give reasons for the relevance of each of the different elements of liturgy and explain how these various practices relate to one another.
- Understand that participation in a Eucharistic liturgy should 'feed', enrich and sustain those involved and bear fruit in their lives beyond the immediate experience itself.
- Be able to demonstrate an understanding of the different components of a liturgy, their role and nature and the purposes they serve, both in the present and in the future