Science Long Term Grid Year 2		
Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
To identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard. To find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching. To look at how some materials change when they are heated or cooled. To investigate different materials and their properties. – look at fair testing. To find out about people who have developed useful new materials e.g. John Dunlop, Charles Macintosh and John McAdam	Animals, including humans - To notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow in to adults, e.g. egg, caterpillar, pupa, butterfly. Baby, toddler, child, teenager, adult. - To find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans for survival e.g. babies and children need to be looked after while they are growing. - To describe the importance for humans to exercise — the effects of exercise on the body, the physical changes. - To look at the importance of eating the right amounts of different types of food.	 Living things and their habitats To explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive. To identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited. Describe how different habitats provide the basic needs of the different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other for survival. To identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including micro-habitats. To describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals – introduce a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food
 Forces and movement That sometimes pushes and pulls change the shape of objects That pushes or pulls can make things speed up or slow down or change direction To explain how to make familiar objects move faster or slower To suggest questions about ways in which different objects move To make measurements of distance 	 To look at why hygiene is important. Electricity That everyday appliances use electricity; That everyday appliances are connected to the mains and that they must be used safely That some devices use batteries which supply electricity; these can be handled safely To make connections in circuits to the positive and negative poles of the battery To make a complete circuit using a battery, wires and bulbs To explore how to make a bulb light, explaining what happened, and using drawings to present results 	Flants To observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants. To use the local environment throughout the year to observe how plants grow. To find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy. Introduce the requirements of plants for germination, growth and survival.